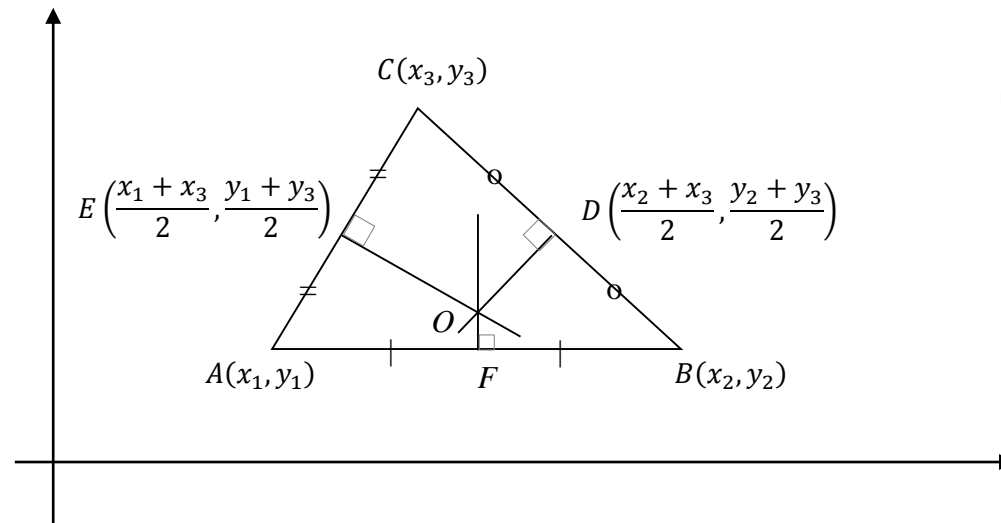


Geometri Koordinat - Koordinat Titik Sumbu Segitiga

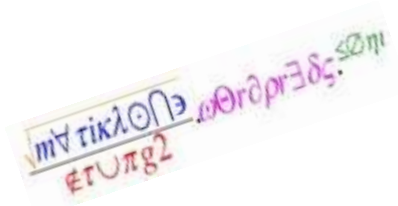


Perhatikan gambar!

Ketiga garis sumbu suatu segitiga berpotongan di 1 titik, disebut titik sumbu. Koordinat titik sumbu dapat kita cari dari titik perpotongan salah 2 garis sumbunya. Kita akan mencarinya menggunakan garis sumbu yang melalui titik D , kita sebut garis a dan garis melalui titik E , kita sebut dengan garis e .

$$m_{BC} = \frac{y_3 - y_2}{x_3 - x_2} \rightarrow m_d = -\frac{x_3 - x_2}{y_3 - y_2} \quad (\text{garis BC dan garis } d \text{ saling tegak lurus})$$

$$m_{AC} = \frac{y_3 - y_1}{x_3 - x_1} \rightarrow m_e = -\frac{x_3 - x_1}{y_3 - y_1} \quad (\text{garis AC dan garis } e \text{ saling tegak lurus})$$



$$\text{Garis } d \equiv y - \frac{y_2 + y_3}{2} = -\frac{x_3 - x_2}{y_3 - y_2} \left(x - \frac{x_2 + x_3}{2} \right) \rightarrow 2y - (y_2 + y_3) = \frac{x_2 - x_3}{y_3 - y_2} (2x - (x_2 + x_3))$$

$$\rightarrow 2y(y_3 - y_2) - y_2 y_3 - y_3^2 + y_2^2 + y_2 y_3 = 2x_2 x - 2x_3 x - x_2^2 + x_2 x_3 - x_2 x_3 + x_3^2$$

$$\rightarrow 2y(y_3 - y_2) - y_3^2 + y_2^2 = 2x_2 x - 2x_3 x - x_2^2 + x_3^2$$

$$\rightarrow 2y = \frac{y_3^2 - y_2^2 + 2x_2 x - 2x_3 x - x_2^2 + x_3^2}{y_3 - y_2}$$

$$\text{Garis } e \equiv y - \frac{y_1 + y_3}{2} = -\frac{x_3 - x_1}{y_3 - y_1} \left(x - \frac{x_1 + x_3}{2} \right) \rightarrow 2y - (y_1 + y_3) = \frac{x_1 - x_3}{y_3 - y_1} (2x - (x_1 + x_3))$$

$$\rightarrow 2y(y_3 - y_1) - y_1 y_3 - y_3^2 + y_1^2 + y_1 y_3 = 2x_1 x - 2x_3 x - x_1^2 + x_1 x_3 - x_1 x_3 + x_3^2$$

$$\rightarrow 2y(y_3 - y_1) - y_3^2 + y_1^2 = 2x_1 x - 2x_3 x - x_1^2 + x_3^2$$

$$\rightarrow 2y = \frac{y_3^2 - y_1^2 + 2x_1 x - 2x_3 x - x_1^2 + x_3^2}{y_3 - y_1}$$

Titik tinggi adalah titik potong kedua garis, untuk mendapatkan absis titiknya, dapat kita samakan kedua persamaan di atas.

$$\frac{y_3^2 - y_2^2 + 2x_2x - 2x_3x - x_2^2 + x_3^2}{y_3 - y_2} = \frac{y_3^2 - y_1^2 + 2x_1x - 2x_3x - x_1^2 + x_3^2}{y_3 - y_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow y_3^3 - y_2^2y_3 + 2x_2xy_3 - 2x_3xy_3 - x_2^2y_3 + x_3^2y_3 - y_1y_3^2 + y_1y_2^2 - 2x_2xy_1 + 2x_3xy_1 + x_2^2y_1 - x_3^2y_1 \\ = y_3^3 - y_1^2y_3 + 2x_1xy_3 - 2x_3xy_3 - x_1^2y_3 + x_3^2y_3 - y_2y_3^2 + y_2y_1^2 - 2x_1xy_2 + 2x_3xy_2 + x_1^2y_2 - x_3^2y_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow -y_2^2y_3 + 2x_2xy_3 - x_2^2y_3 - y_1y_3^2 + y_1y_2^2 - 2x_2xy_1 + 2x_3xy_1 + x_2^2y_1 - x_3^2y_1 \\ = -y_1^2y_3 + 2x_1xy_3 - x_1^2y_3 - y_2y_3^2 + y_2y_1^2 - 2x_1xy_2 + 2x_3xy_2 + x_1^2y_2 - x_3^2y_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow 2x(x_1y_2 + x_2y_3 + x_3y_1 - x_2y_1 - x_3y_2 - x_1y_3) = x_1^2y_2 + y_2y_1^2 + x_2^2y_3 + y_2^2y_3 + x_3^2y_1 + y_1y_3^2 - x_2^2y_1 \\ - y_1y_2^2 - x_3^2y_2 - y_2y_3^2 - x_1^2y_3 - y_1^2y_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{x_1^2y_2 + y_2y_1^2 + x_2^2y_3 + y_2^2y_3 + x_3^2y_1 + y_1y_3^2 - x_2^2y_1 - y_1y_2^2 - x_3^2y_2 - y_2y_3^2 - x_1^2y_3 - y_1^2y_3}{2(x_1y_2 + x_2y_3 + x_3y_1 - x_2y_1 - x_3y_2 - x_1y_3)}$$

$$= \frac{\begin{vmatrix} x_1^2 + y_1^2 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2^2 + y_2^2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3^2 + y_3^2 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}$$

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Dengan cara yang sama (silakan dicari untuk latihan), dengan menyatakan persamaan garis dalam $x = by + c$, akan kita dapatkan:

$$y = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} x_1 & x_1^2 + y_1^2 & 1 \\ x_2 & x_2^2 + y_2^2 & 1 \\ x_3 & x_3^2 + y_3^2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{2 \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}$$



Jadi, koordinat titik subu segitiga ABC adalah:

$$O(x, y) = O \left(\frac{\begin{vmatrix} x_1^2 + y_1^2 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2^2 + y_2^2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3^2 + y_3^2 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{2 \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}, \frac{\begin{vmatrix} x_1 & x_1^2 + y_1^2 & 1 \\ x_2 & x_2^2 + y_2^2 & 1 \\ x_3 & x_3^2 + y_3^2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{2 \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}} \right)$$